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GENERAL NOTES.

The Black Tern (Hydrochelidon nigra surinamensis) in New York Harbor.—On August 31, 1899, five Black Terns were shot at Bedloes Island, New York Harbor. The two that I skinned, both males, had been eating small fish. Others of the same species were seen subsequently in the same locality at about same date.—L. S. Foster, New York City.

Capture of the Brown Pelican in Wyoming. - I have to record the capture of Pelecanus fuscus upon one of the city reservoirs of Cheyenne, Wyoming, on July 12, one individual, a female, which was alone. The bird was in poor flesh and apparently had about completed moulting. Two or three of her rectrices were less than half grown and each wing showed two or three old brown primaries and two or three old brown secondaries not yet shed. Head and neck uniform slate gray. Measurements as follows: Culmen, 11.12; wing, 20.00; length, 49.00 inches. I do not know of any other captures of this species in Wyoming, or, for that matter, in any intermountain State, in this or contiguous latitudes. I am not familiar with the species, but think the uniform brown head and neck would indicate immaturity, but the few worn and much darker quills of the wings and the partly moulted tail offer conclusive evidence against the suggestion that the bird is of the present year. I have mounted the specimen and placed it in the Chevenne High School collection. -FRANK BOND, Cheyenne, Wyo.

The Little Blue Heron (Ardea cærulea) in Connecticut. — On July 21, 1899, I saw no less then seven individuals of this species, all young birds, in white plumage. On the 25th I secured one, and a few days later another; there were five shot all together. The remaining two left and were not seen again. The flock spent about two weeks here, feeding on the salt marshes. This is the first and only time that I have met with Ardea cærulea, in Connecticut. — ARTHUR WILLIAM BROCKWAY, Old Lyme, Conn.

The Green Heron Breeding in Ontario. — Very little seems to be known of the breeding habits of the Green Heron (Ardea virescens) in Ontario, and its presence is not often noted north of the southern parts of the Province — McIlwraith makes the general statement that it breeds near Dunville, the St. Clair Flats, and at Hamilton. This summer we have located it in a spot fully eighty miles north of these places and there is reason to believe that it breeds at several points in this locality. Early in June the Rev. C. J. Young of Lansdowne, Ont., informed me